

OHIO TO REPUDIATE BRYAN

DEMOCRATS ALL BUT UNANIMOUS FOR HARMON.

Scheme of the Nebraska and Indiana to have a Senator Nominated seems to have no chance. Platform on State Issues—No Temperance Plank.

DAYTON, Ohio, June 20.—Gov. Harmon arrived from Columbus to-night to be in readiness for the Democratic State convention, which without the slightest exception is to renominate him on Wednesday.

The Governor is the guest of John A. McManis, a Democratic Congressman in the last war days and since then a silver-haired wheel horse of his party in the State.

In the first Cleveland Administration Mr. McManis was offered the portfolio of Attorney General by President Cleveland, but could not accept it.

Gov. Harmon when not surrounded by his friends has given to-night much attention to the finishing touches of his speech of acceptance which he will deliver before the convention.

It is short and vigorous and denounces the tariff policy of the Republican national party and in support, if not in actual phrase declares that only the Democratic national party can be trusted to revise the tariff in the interests of the great mass of the people.

At the same time the Governor is giving much attention to the tariff plank to be adopted by the convention, believing that this plank should reflect in every particular his speech of acceptance.

It is apparent that Gov. Harmon is to make his campaign on State issues largely but feels that the national plank for the platform to be adopted by this convention is to be examined closely by Democrats in other States.

It is apparent to-night after numerous conferences that little if any mention will be made in the platform of temperance matters. For that matter important Ohio Republicans in this city to-day asserted that a similar attitude will be adopted by them at their convention to be held at Columbus late in July.

The officers to be named here are as follows: Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Attorney-General, Judge of the Supreme Court, Chief and Food Commissioner, member of the Board of Public Works and clerk of the Supreme Court.

Outside of the candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, Gov. Harmon refuses to commit himself as to any candidate for the remaining places on the ticket and he has yet to express his preference in the matter of the Lieutenant-Governorship. He believes all candidates for the remaining places on the ticket must stand or fall upon their merits as viewed by the convention. His interest in the Lieutenant-Governorship is natural, in view of the death of Gov. Patterson, Democrat, who in 1905 occupied his chair but a few days and was succeeded by a Republican Lieutenant-Governor.

If Gov. Harmon has a preference for Lieutenant-Governor it may be Atlas Pomeroy of Canton, who is to be temporary chairman of the convention.

Speaking of the issue propounded by William J. Bryan and taken up by Tom L. Johnson, that the candidate for United States Senator should be named in this convention contrary to the wishes of Gov. Harmon, Toledo's guest action in the matter is attracting attention. Tom Johnson and Mayor Brand Whitlock of Toledo have usually been together, but the latter did not get on the delegation this time. Whitlock's home defense fight will not aid in the Bryan-Johnson fight to force the naming of a candidate for United States Senator.

John O'Dwyer, head of the thirty-two delegates from Lucas county, said that all were against a Senatorial nomination and that the delegation has no intention of presenting the name of the Mayor as a candidate for Senator. Whitlock may not even attend the convention.

Tom Johnson if well enough will take on the scene to-morrow. The first session of the convention begins at 7:30 in the evening at the Montgomery County Memorial Building, but Bryan and Johnson are to be overwhelmingly defeated if present indications are of the slightest value.

Most of the delegates on the ground to-night are willing to give Gov. Harmon anything he wants. He has led them once into the promised land of power and they believe he can do it again, notwithstanding the mutterings of the Bryan irreconcilables.

In this State as in New York the Republicans are banking upon the election of a Democrat and his followers to defeat a Democratic candidate for Governor. In New York, while experienced Republicans in the utmost candor admit that their party organization has been shot to pieces, they nevertheless profess confidence in the outcome next fall, adding that their mainstay promises to be William R. Hearst, head of the State Independence League.

They believe that Mr. Hearst will either nominate himself for Governor or endorse Representative William Sulzer into accepting the Independence League nomination. Mr. Sulzer in the estimation of many Democrats both in Washington and New York has elements of strength with the rank and file voters. He is poor but honest and a radical of the Bryan-Roosevelt-Hearst type, and by the constituents of his densely populated Congress district, the Tenth, he is almost idolized.

As a matter of fact Sulzer carried the district in his waistcoat pocket. While in past years he hasn't always been in good with Richard Croker and Charles F. Murphy, the respective leaders of Tammany under whom Sulzer has served, and at times has been in the firing line, neither Mr. Croker nor Mr. Murphy has had the temerity to attempt to dislodge him as the Democratic Congress candidate of his district. Sulzer's personal friends, though, insist that he has been a regular Democrat all his life and at the present moment will decline to follow Hearst in his career of irregularity toward the New York City and State and the national organizations of his party.

While discussing this theme of party irregularity it may be stated that most politicians, Republicans and Democrats in the State of Ohio and New York are confident that they discern in the McKinley and Taft administration a loss of party allegiance. These thoughtful ones of the country recite the history of the last twenty-five years when in 1854 the Republicans deserted Blaine for Fremont and again in 1882 deserted Cleveland for Cleveland, while in 1906 and 1908 the Democrats left Bryan for McKinley and in 1904 the Bryanites left Alton B. Paine for Roosevelt.

Was the Democrats as in 1906 and 1909 again deserted Bryan, this time for Taft. Mention in all those years, according to the arguments of many who have deserted the McKinley and Taft administration, the McKinley and Taft and now the Bryan-Albion measure. It has been a record say the political commentators,

United Cigar Stores bring the factory to the smoker and retail cigars at wholesale prices.

This week it's the Duke of Moreland Cigar Perfecto Size 5 for 25c

This cigar is praised by our customers for exceptional mildness. At the same time it has what is best called "body"—that is, smokes with a zest quite peculiar to this particular combination of good tobacco. No type of domestic cigar that we know of is more distinctive.

UNITED CIGAR STORES

of party infidelity followed by the idealization of alleged personal attainments which have taken the place of substantial thought concerning economic principles upon which the successful future of the country must alone depend.

Returning to Mr. Hearst it can be stated on substantial authority that he has been severely criticized by the more thoughtful of his own followers for accepting while Tammany Congressmen an independent nomination for Mayor of New York in 1905 against George J. McLean, the regular Democratic candidate for Mayor of New York, only in 1906 as the regular Democratic candidate for Governor of New York to receive the penalty of his party's perfidy the year before. In 1905 Mr. Hearst bolted Bryan, the regular Democratic candidate for President, and in 1906 by running again as the stump candidate for Mayor of New York he defeated Tammany's county ticket and elected Republicans in their places. Republicans whose allegiance to their party has been demonstrated in many appointments since January 1.

The contention of some of the Hearst followers when recalling his record of the last five years is that he has greatly weakened himself as a factor for good results in the Democratic party, and they recall that Samuel J. Tilden, Edward Cooper, Abram J. Hewitt and others of former days fought within party lines and by that course purged their party of Democrats for revenue only and brought back to the Democratic party in their State and eventually in the nation in the election of Cleveland.

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Gov. Harmon's friends to-day contended that the present primary law of the State whereby candidates for United States Senator may or may not be named is not at all binding upon the legislators, and they added that Gov. Harmon in declining to suggest the naming of the candidate for United States Senator by the convention acted wisely, first for the reason that there are all told up to date about twenty Democrats aspiring for the honor and contention in the convention between their friends would divert public attention from the achievements of the State and second, and best of all, they add, there was no desire to furnish Republican opposition in the State with ammunition in the shape of political dimensions over a proposition which was not at all binding upon Democratic legislators.

But this did not satisfy Bryan, who in

June 21.—The pressure continued yesterday over the Gulf and central States and the lake regions and was only comparatively low over the middle Atlantic States, where a small depression centered over Maryland, and in New England.

It continued warm over all the Eastern half of the country and was still warmer in the middle Atlantic and southern New England States and in parts of the lake region and the St. Lawrence Valley. It was warmer also from the upper lakes westward into Montana and Wyoming and cooler in Kansas and Colorado and on the Pacific coast.

A disturbance which covered all the Rocky Mountain States and was central over Montana caused showers in the Northwest and on the north Pacific coast. There were showers also in the middle West.

In this city the day was fair and warmer, wind, light to fresh northwest, average humidity, 54 per cent; barometer, corrected to sea level at 6 A. M., 30.04; 3 P. M., 29.91.

The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the official thermometer, is shown in the annexed table:

WASHINGTON FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW: For eastern New York and New England, generally fair to-day and to-morrow; continued warm; light to moderate variable winds.

For the District of Columbia, eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland and Virginia, partly cloudy to-day and to-morrow; continued warm; light to moderate variable winds.

For western New York, western Pennsylvania and Ohio, generally fair to-day and to-morrow; light variable winds.

PHONE MAY CLEAR SACHS CASE

POLICE NOW TRACING CALL TO EXPRESS COMPANY.

Italian Woman Said She Wanted Trunk Full of Rubbish Dumped into East River—Facts Came Out Concerning Probable Time of Pedler's Murder.

Inspector Russell of the detective bureau got one telephone call yesterday and heard of another which may lead to the murderers of Moses Sachs, the jewelry pedler who was strangled on Friday afternoon. One call said that Sachs had left a synagogue as late as 3 o'clock that afternoon. The other went to an express office at about 5 P. M. on Friday, from a woman who was apparently telephoning for one or more men and asked about having a trunk full of rubbish moved.

The woman and her companions are thought to have gone to a nearby drugstore, where there was a booth telephone. The proprietor was Italian and a discreet man. The woman seated herself at the phone and the men crowded round her, leaving the booth door open because they couldn't all get inside. One of the men turned to the telephone book and ran his eye through the list of American Express Company branches and called out 1317 Spring. This is the number of the branch at 139 Spring street, at the corner of Wooster. There H. E. Jones answered the call. He said: "What? What? and listened until in despair he called to his manager, Kehoe: 'Say, Kehoe, will you come here and see if you can understand what this woman's talking about?'"

"What's the matter with Mr. Jones, with whom I was just talking?" the Italian girl asked Kehoe.

"He couldn't understand you. What is it you want?" Kehoe answered.

"Oh, you have such a nice voice, or what is your name?" asked the girl. Kehoe responded, "John Smithson."

"Oh, yes, Mr. Smithson; will you call for my trunk?" the woman continued. "My trunk is useless now. It is new, but I have filled it with a lot of rubbish and wish you'd call and take it for me and just dump it into the river."

"Ah, non, non, non," Kehoe heard the voice of men say with sudden fierceness. There was a lull.

"Yes, into the river, or most anywhere," the girl resumed with the sparkle gone from her eyes. "Really I must get rid of it. Oh, a sharp intake of breath, 'I'll give you a hundred dollars if you will only call and get it.'"

"Where shall we call for the trunk?" said Kehoe, who had concluded the woman to be crazy. He got to answer.

"Well, I don't believe I'll give you the order," the girl finally said inconclusively. "I don't believe you understand what I want. Thank you, good-by," and she hung up on the provoked Kehoe.

Kehoe thought no more of it until he read the murder of Moses Sachs. Yesterday he went to Police Headquarters and confided in Inspector Russell.

The time of the telephone call Kehoe was certain to have been shortly before 5 o'clock Friday afternoon. The pedler's wanderings around noon then became a matter of secondary importance. An unproven story that he had visited the shop of Giuseppe Grattano, a butcher at 210 East Twenty-ninth street at 1 o'clock Friday became a thing of interest, not a physical impossibility. If Moses Sachs was murdered at 4 o'clock instead of 2 the whole situation cleared at once.

The janitor of 31 Gorek street and her granddaughter were examined and questioned. The two women at 31 Gorek street noticed that a bay horse and a covered wagon fetched the trunk and that it was half-past 5. Through some oversight they had not been asked to fix the time before.

A man who hung up when his name was asked called up the detective bureau to confide to them that Moses Sachs had been present at the 3 o'clock service at the synagogue Beth Hamedrah Hagodol at North Street, but had gone out during the service. This call was traced to a pay station, where the caller was unknown and noted only for his hasty departure.

A detective bureau at once set to work tracing the call to 1317 Spring street, where the express company's branch, got on Friday last shortly before 5 in the afternoon. They searched the telephone company that the call was evidently from a pay station in an Italian store or shop. The call was traced to the Orchard exchange, being several days old, it was hard following. Late last night it had been narrowed down to twelve places. If necessary the proprietors of each of each will be subjected to torture by persistence.

The bureau has about abandoned the idea that the trunk in which the pedler was strangled was a Potterybury vase. The local agent of a Potterybury vase, a firm recognized the trunk yesterday as one made by his concern. It is a trunk that retails for \$5, and during the two years it was in the market of the model have been sold in New York. Two butchers at 210 East Twenty-ninth street and size of trunk. Eliminating all but Italian stores on the East Side, the strangers would have purchased it at only thirteen places.

Steepwalking Girl Clad and Sent Home. A young woman in white approaching the Clymer street police station, Williamsburg, early yesterday morning drew the attention of Lieut. Lyman and Policeman Cook, who were on the front stoop. They waited until she came closer, when they observed that she was a somnambulist and was clad only in a white nightgown. Her hair hung down her back and was tied at the top with a blue ribbon. She wore no shoes or stockings. A fire going striking near by woke her up and she said she was Miss Estelle Chappelle, living in New Jersey but for several days staying with a married sister at 55 Bedford avenue. She was provided with an overcoat and slippers and was taken in a taxicab to the home of her sister, who did not know that she had gone out.

Propeller Redfield Burned. CATSKILL, June 20.—The freight propeller Redfield of the Catskill Evening Line caught fire in the hold while lying at her dock at Athens this afternoon and was towed out to the middle of the river opposite Hudson, where the vessel burned to the water's edge. She had been carrying sugar from Yonkers to Hudson. The Redfield was built at the yard opposite Albany in 1864 by Lewis Minnerly.

NANKIN AND MING WARE. Prices in the Thousands for Porcelain Sold at Christie's, London. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, June 20.—At a sale at Christie's to-day of Nankin porcelain a pair of ovoid vases and covers ten and a half inches high fetched \$3,575.

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Packard MOTOR CARS

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Two-garment Suits for Men

can be dressy as well as comfortable.

Omission of the waistcoat is about all that distinguishes the two-piece from the three-piece Suit of most makers.

Our two-garment Suits are especially designed as such. Their features of construction are distinctly different from the three-garment Suit and the utmost skill is exercised in tailoring them so that they may retain their shapeliness. To do this successfully calls for superior knowledge and training. Our tailors have both.

Two-garment Suits for Men begin with the linens at a dollar and a half, ranging, in other materials, up to thirty-five dollars. Included are mohairs, crashes, serges, homespun, tropical worsteds, white or fancy flannels, silks and batistes.

Outing trousers of white or fancy flannels, 5.00 to 7.50.

Of linens, crashes and other summer materials, at 3.50 to 5.00.

Khaki Outing Trousers at 2.00 and 2.50.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

MADRIZ APPEALS TO POWERS.

Says U. S. Keeps Him From Beating Estrada—Faction Democratized.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Thomas P. Moffat, American Consul at Bluefields, Nicaragua, reported to the State Department to-day that William P. Pittman of Boston, the American who was captured while planting mines during the recent battle at Bluefields, was safe at his place of confinement at the bluff near Bluefields.

The following despatch was also received from José de Oliveira, American Consul at Managua:

"The Managua newspapers have published to-day the text of a telegram addressed by Minister-General Baca on June 15 to the principal nations of Europe and Latin America, impugning the American Government for implied violation of neutrality in favor of the revolution at Bluefields and asking the good offices of these Governments to prevail upon the Government at Washington to leave the so-called Government of Nicaragua free to carry out the pacification of the country unhampered by the restrictions which it is alleged are the real cause of the continuance of the war, entailing incalculable damage and serious danger to the republic."

"Through the newspapers and otherwise Madriz and Baca are seeking to create the impression that public sentiment here and in the United States is opposed to the policy of the Government in regard to Bluefields. As a matter of fact public sentiment in this country appears to be most decidedly in favor of our Government's attitude."

"Indications of demoralization are betrayed by the Madriz faction, which is evidently endeavoring to retain such prestige as it possesses through extreme measures. Through out western Nicaragua the prisons are crowded with reputable citizens. In Granada families are being prevented from obtaining food in order to force them into paying the latest forced loan, which now amounts to 500,000 pesos or \$157,500."

"Armed revolutionary bands are ranging through the rural districts and are seriously harassing the outposts of Madriz, whose forces have been materially weakened."

U. S. SIDE OF FISHERIES CASE. Washington Lawyer Starts to Answer Sir Robert Finlay's Long Talk. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

THE HAGUE, June 20.—George Turner of Washington State, of counsel for the United States in the Newfoundland fisheries arbitration, opened the pleadings on the American side to-day.

At the very outset he said his task was an extremely difficult one, especially after the opening of Sir Robert Finlay, who presented the British side of the dispute in a masterly address which lasted over a week.

FRENCH STEAMER SUNK. Ten Seamen Drowned Through Collision on the Welsh Coast. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

HOLTHED, June 20.—The British steamship Yews and the French steamship La Rochelle collided last night near the Skerries, on the coast of Anglesey, North Wales, in a fog.

The Frenchman was sunk and tea lives were lost.

A great many of our suits for men and young men have been subjected to liberal price reductions. We invite your special interest to the

Sale of Suits for Men Formerly \$32, \$35, \$38 and \$40 Special at \$25.00

Also a number of price revisions in suits for men to \$15, \$18 and \$20 together with

Suits For Young Men Formerly \$15 and \$16 At \$12.50 Formerly \$18 and \$20 At \$15.00 Formerly \$22 and \$24 At \$18.00 Formerly \$25 and \$28 At \$20.00

Two More Accidents on State Owned Line Near Scene of Sunday Slaughter. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

VILLEPREUX, France, June 20.—Following the railroad disaster of last Sunday there were two more accidents near here to-day. They were, however, of a less serious nature.

This morning a train left the rails within a hundred yards of the fatal wreck of two days ago, but fortunately no one was killed. Later in the day two track workers were killed by an express almost at the same spot.

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The Coward Shoe



Coward Arch Support Shoe for Women

This shoe furnishes a correctly designed anatomical support for a weak arch, and provides a comfortable and natural remedy for Pes Planus ("flat-foot"). We shape the COWARD ARCH SUPPORT SHOE to different degrees of elevation under arch of foot, in order to correct and relieve this painful pathological condition in any of its stages.

The position of the heel, in walking and standing, having much to do with the remedial value of the COWARD ARCH SUPPORT SHOE, we have built the heel in heights varying from one to two inches.

Women who find that they are losing the buoyant, elastic step of youth, will find great benefit from wearing the COWARD ARCH SUPPORT SHOE.

SOLD NOWHERE ELSE JAMES S. COWARD 264-274 Greenwich St., N. Y. (NEAR WARREN STREET) Mail Orders Filled | Send for Catalogue

PECUNIARY CLAIMS TREATY. England Authorizes Ambassador Bryce to Sign It—Waiting for U. S. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.